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FINANCIAL SECTION 2021

Year Ended March 31, 2021

KANEKA CORPORATION

FINANCIAL REVIEW

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

SALES

The Kaneka Group's business performance for the fiscal year from April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2021 (FY2021) was marked by lower sales of ¥577,426 million (down 4.0% year on year).

OPERATING EXPENSES AND OPERATING INCOME

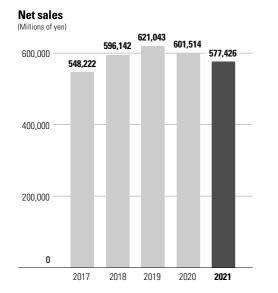
During FY2021, the cost of sales decreased by 5.1% to ¥410,486 million. The cost of sales ratio fell from 71.9% to 71.1%. SG&A expenses decreased by 2.6% to ¥139,395 million, and the ratio of SG&A expenses to sales increased from 23.8% to 24.1%. Operating income during FY2021 increased 5.9% to ¥27,544 million.

NET INCOME

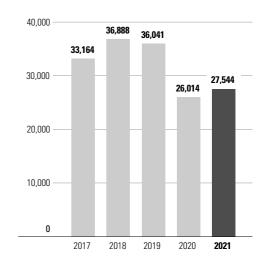
For the year, the Group recorded net income attributable to owners of parent of ¥15,831 million, up 13.1% from the previous fiscal year.

FINANCIAL CONDITION

As of March 31, 2021, total assets were ¥667,429 million, up ¥14,167 million from March 31, 2020, due mainly to increases in cash and deposits, and investment securities. The ratio of net income attributable to owners of parent to total assets (ROA) was 2.4%, up 0.3% from the previous fiscal year. Interest-bearing debt stood at ¥118,243 million, down ¥12,600 million from March 31, 2020. Net assets increased ¥26,945 million to ¥381,040 million, reflecting an increase in retained earnings, and valuation difference on available-for-sale securities. As a result, the equity ratio came to 53.5%. The D/E ratio (ratio of interest-bearing debt to equity capital) was 0.33.



Operating income (Millions of yen)



CASH FLOWS

Cash and cash equivalents at March 31, 2021 were ¥46,360 million, ¥8,754 million more than at March 31, 2020.

Net cash provided by operating activities was ¥74,040 million, ¥34,056 million more than in the previous fiscal year. The main contributors to the increase were income before income taxes and non-controlling interests of ¥22,201 million, and depreciation and amortization of ¥36,262 million.

Net cash used in investing activities amounted to ¥43,229 million, ¥1,421 million more than in the previous fiscal year. The principal use of cash was ¥39,431 million for the purchase of property, plant and equipment.

Financing activities used net cash of ¥21,903 million, ¥21,424 million more than in the previous fiscal year. This mainly reflected cash dividends paid of ¥6,523 million, and repayment of loans payable of ¥15,228 million.

Financial Index Trends

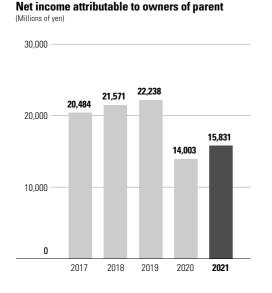
	Year ended March 31, 2017	Year ended March 31, 2018	Year ended March 31, 2019	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2021
Shareholders' equity ratio	51.5%	50.9%	51.1%	50.7%	53.5%
Shareholders' equity ratio based on market value	46.1%	53.9%	41.0%	25.9%	44.5%
Interest-bearing debt coverage ratio	2.3	2.3	2.9	3.3	1.6
Interest coverage ratio	34.2	29.6	20.5	23.2	55.9

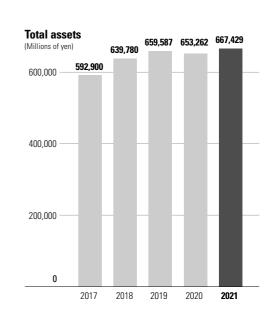
Shareholders' equity ratio: equity capital/total assets

Shareholders' equity ratio based on market value: total market value of stock/total assets

Interest-bearing debt coverage ratio: interest-bearing debt/cash flows Interest coverage ratio: operating cash flows/interest expenses paid Notes:

- 1. All items were calculated according to financial figures on a consolidated basis.
- 2. The calculation of the total market value of stock was based on the total number of shares outstanding, excluding treasury stock.
- 3. "Operating cash flows" refers to cash flows from operations.
- 4. The scope of interest-bearing debt is all liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets for which interest is payable.
- 5. Paid interest is based on the amount of interest paid shown in the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.





BUSINESS RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

(1) Basic Risk Management Policy

The Group has formulated a basic risk management policy to respond to potential risks in business operations, aiming for the goal of "Wellness First" to make the world healthy.

Our basic risk management policy is that each division identifies operational risks and other types of risks that it may face, takes appropriate preventive measures, and responds appropriately in cooperation with other relevant divisions if a risk manifests itself.

For preventive measures against potential risks including those related to ethics and legal compliance, the Compliance Subcommittee of the ESG Committee oversees the development and implementation of the company-wide plans.

When a risk occurs or is likely to occur, the ESG Committee handles the risk in cooperation with the relevant divisions.

We regularly check whether the above-mentioned activities are implemented properly to prevent our risk management system from falling into mere formality, and strive to maintain and improve its effectiveness.

(2) Business-Related Risks

The following are examples of items that could have a material impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows among the items related to the status of operations and financial information listed in the annual securities report.

The items described here are deemed by the Group to be risks as of the end of the fiscal year under review; however, they do not cover all of the risks related to the Group.

① Risks related to the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) pandemic

The Group's business activities are conducted through a science and technology supply chain that connects across national borders on a global scale. The group has been giving top priority to protecting the health, lives and safety of employees as well as their family members all over the world during the COVID-19 crisis. At the same time, we have endeavored to maintain production and fulfill our responsibility for a stable supply of products in many business groups that are evaluated as essential businesses in each country and region around the world. However, if Re-expansion of infectious diseases occurs globally, a stoppage in this supply chain could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

② Risks related to the Group's ability to maintain operational advantages and trends in the Japanese and overseas economic environment

The Group licenses or merges advanced technologies from outside with its internally developed technologies to develop and commercialize high-value-added products in a wide range of fields, continuously opening new markets to ensure the competitive advantage of its business while working to strengthen its management foundation by advancing business structure reforms. However, the occurrence of sudden changes in the economic environment, rapid advances of technology innovation, or the occurrence of natural disasters or pandemics could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

③ Risks associated with the globalization of our business (fluctuations in foreign exchange rates and overseas business development)

The Group has always maintained a global vision, and promoted the development of its business ahead of other companies. Currently, it has adopted "glocal" (locally originated business development) as a central concept, and is accelerating the development of technologies and materials tailored to local characteristics around the world. Business activities overseas are subject to risks such as unforeseeable changes including those in laws, regulations, and taxation systems, the application of taxes under transfer pricing systems, sudden fluctuations in exchange rates, and social and political unrest driven by terrorism, conflict, and so forth. To prevent these risks form materializing, or to mitigate their impacts, we have strengthened the governance of Group companies, established a system of experts, strengthened exchange-rate resilience, purchased damage insurance, and taken measures for employee safety. However, the materialization of these risks could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

④ Risks of price fluctuations of raw materials and fuel

The Group has built and implemented a system for procurement of raw materials and fuels at the most favorable terms by combining global purchasing with purchasing through medium- to long-term contracts and the spot markets. Since most of these items are international market commodities, unanticipated market fluctuations could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

(5) Risks associated with product liability, industrial accidents and large scale disasters

The Group has built and implemented strong quality and distribution systems for the products that it supplies to customers, and it has purchased liability insurance to cover the entire Group in the unlikely event of an accident. Moreover, the Group prioritizes safety in all areas and follows laws and regulations in its business activities. However, there is a risk that an unexpected accident or large scale natural disaster, such as an earth-quake, could damage our main production facilities and cause losses that exceed the scope of property insurance coverage. The occurrence of such a situation could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

(6) Risks associated with the protection of intellectual property rights

The Group makes certain to obtain rights for its research and development results in the form of patents and other intellectual property, aiming to guickly provide solutions that can contribute to resolve social issues. On the other hand, we respect other companies' intellectual property and work to avoid contention by making certain to conduct patent surveys at each stage of business development, such as theme proposal, commercialization, and specification changes, thereby ensuring that we have secured patent clearance. However, due to globalization, advances in information technology, and other factors, there is a risk that technological expertise developed by the Group could be subject to leaks, unauthorized use, or legal contention regarding usage licenses and so forth. The occurrence of such a situation could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

(7) Impact of environment related regulations

In accordance with the ESG Charter, the Group aims to realize the sustainable development of an abundant society by working to protect the earth's environment, preserving resources, and reducing environmental impacts at each stage of the entire product life cycle. In addition, the Group has announced that it supports the recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (referred to below as TCFD) in March of this year and is endeavoring to realize carbon neutrality. However, environmental regulations are becoming stricter each year and in some cases they could restrict activities in the business supply chain and so forth, which could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

(8) Risks associated with legal action

The Group emphasizes compliance in management, and works to ensure compliance with laws, regulations and social norms. However, in the process of conducting business in Japan and overseas, there is a risk that the Group could be subject to unforeseeable lawsuits, administrative measures, and so forth. The occurrence of a serious lawsuit or other such event could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

(9) Other risks

The Group holds shares of its business partners and financial institutions with the goal of building, maintaining, and strengthening medium- to long-term business relationships. A significant fall in the market value, etc. of these shares at the fiscal year end could cause the Group to recognize impairment losses due to the adoption of the Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments.

With regard to noncurrent assets, a dramatic deterioration of the business environment or a decline in the fair value of idle land held by the Group and so forth could oblige the Group to recognize impairment losses due to the adoption of the Accounting Standard for Impairment of Fixed Assets.

With regard to inventories, since the Group will carry out make-to-stock production based on future demand forecasts, the sellability is uncertain and can be affected by future fluctuations in economic conditions.

With regard to retirement benefit obligations, a marked decrease in the underlying discount rate assumed for actuarial calculations or a sharp deterioration in the operation of pension assets could cause a significant shortfall in funds.

With regard to deferred tax assets, recoverability is calculated based on forecasts for future taxable income and so forth against future temporary deductible differences. However, a difference between actual taxable income and the forecast could necessitate a reversal of deferred tax assets.

The occurrence of any of the above situations could have a negative impact on the Group's financial situation, business performance, and status of cash flows.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES March 31, 2021 and 2020

			N	lillions of yen	U.S. (Thousands of dollars (Note 1)
Assets		2021		2020		2021
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 5)	¥	46,360	¥	37,606	\$	418,756
Notes and accounts receivable—trade (Note 5)		135,618		134,110		1,224,991
Inventories (Note 8)		109,685		117,259		990,749
Short-term loans receivable from unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates		1,667		1,819		15,062
Other current assets		17,114		17,366		154,591
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 5)		(1,423)		(1,303)		(12,858)
Total current assets		309,024		306,858		2,791,292

Property, plant and equipment (Note 14):

Land	31,744	31,304	286,739
Buildings and structures	219,730	207,065	1,984,742
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	614,774	593,774	5,553,019
Construction in progress	21,808	27,038	196,988
Other	6,186	4,750	55,877
	894,245	863,933	8,077,368
Less accumulated depreciation	(625,081)	(600,876)	(5,646,113)
Property, plant and equipment, net	269,164	263,056	2,431,254

Intangible assets:	13,829	13,180	124,918
Investments and other assets:			
Investment securities (Notes 5, 6 and 14):			
Unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	3,523	3,422	31,830
Other	54,526	45,258	492,516
Long-term loans receivable (Note 5)	761	1,005	6,876
Deferred tax assets (Note 13)	6,206	10,035	56,057
Other	10,623	10,684	95,954
Allowance for doubtful accounts (Note 5)	(229)	(241)	(2,074)
Total investments and other assets	75,411	70,166	681,160
	¥ 667,429	¥ 653,262	\$ 6,028,626

		Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)
Liabilities and net assets	2021	2020	2021
Current liabilities:			
Short-term loans payable (Notes 5 and 14)	¥ 74,832	¥ 76,760	\$ 675,928
Current portion of long-term loans payable (Notes 5 and 14)	9,349	12,074	84,449
Notes and accounts payable (Note 5):			
Trade	75,757	73,509	684,291
Construction	8,706	12,222	78,645
Other	18,801	16,824	169,823
Income taxes payable	4,376	2,408	39,534
Accrued expenses	14,410	13,489	130,166
Other current liabilities	6,068	4,310	54,811
Total current liabilities	212,303	211,599	1,917,651
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds payable (Notes 5 and 14)	10,000	10,000	90,326
Long-term loans payable (Notes 5 and 14)	25,161	33,293	227,273
Net defined benefit liability (Note 15)	32,073	38,308	289,705
Provision for directors' retirement benefits	314	317	2,842
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 13)	1,647	1,576	14,877
Other non-current liabilities	4,889	4,071	44,163
Total non-current liabilities	74,085	87,568	669,188
Net assets (Note 17): Shareholders' equity:			
Capital stock			
Authorized—150,000,000 shares			
Issued — 68,000,000 shares	33,046	33,046	298,498
Capital surplus	31,103	30,962	280,944
Retained earnings	289,544	280,265	2,615,338
Less treasury stock, at cost—2,762,766 shares in 2021			
2,774,049 shares in 2020	(11,535)	(11,583)	(104,191
Total shareholders' equity	342,159	332,691	3,090,590
Accumulated other comprehensive income:			
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	20,863	14,246	188,448
Deferred gains or losses on hedges	(9)	(103)	(88)
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(3,753)	(7,395)	(33,907
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(2,160)	(7,956)	(19,511
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	14,939	(1,208)	134,942
Subscription rights to shares (Note 18)	516	482	4,667
Non-controlling interests	23,424	22,128	211,587
Total net assets	381,040	354,094	3,441,787
	¥ 667,429	¥ 653,262	\$ 6,028,626

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES Years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019

					N	fillions of yen	U.S.	Thousands of dollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Net sales	¥	577,426	¥	601,514	¥	621,043	\$	5,215,669
Cost of sales		410,486		432,374		446,254		3,707,760
Gross profit		166,940		169,139		174,789		1,507,909
Selling, general and administrative expenses		139,395		143,124		138,747		1,259,107
Operating income		27,544		26,014		36,041		248,802
Other income (expenses):								
Interest and dividend income		1,445		1,684		1,920		13,054
Interest expenses		(1,259)		(1,714)		(2,014)		(11,374
Gain on sales of investment securities		796		627		1,515		7,194
Gain on sales of property, plant and equipment		—		315		427		_
Income from compensation for damage (Note 9)		1,624		—		—		14,672
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(2,402)		(1,916)		(2,521)		(21,697
Foreign exchange gains (losses), net		250		(968)		(333)		2,258
Equity in earnings of affiliates, net		109		150		29		992
Litigation expenses		(289)		(996)		(1,683)		(2,616
Restructuring charges (Note 10 and 11)		—		—		(1,851)		
Impairment losses (Note 11)		(897)		—		—		(8,106
Loss on disaster (Note 12)		(1,099)		—		—		(9,927
Gain on step acquisitions		—		—		443		_
Settlement received		—		—		1,051		
Gain on contribution of securities to retirement benefit trust		—		378		1,608		
Other, net		(3,621)		(3,777)		(2,725)		(32,713
Income before income taxes and non-controlling interests		22,201		19,797		31,909		200,538
Income taxes (Note 13)								
Current		6,372		4,809		7,893		57,556
Deferred		(1,354)		(490)		40		(12,237
Net income		17,184		15,479		23,975		155,219
Net income attributable to non-controlling interests		1,353		1,475		1,736		12,224
Net income attributable to owners of parent	¥	15,831	¥	14,003	¥	22,238	\$	142,995
						Yen	U.S.	dollars (Note 1)
Net income per share—basic (Note 2)	¥	242.68	¥	214.70	¥	339.15	\$	2.19
Net income per share—diluted (Note 2)		242.13		214.28		338.59		2.18
Cash dividends applicable to the year (Note 17)		100.00		100.00		64.00		0.90

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES Years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019

					М	illions of yen	U.S. c	Thousands of Iollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Net income	¥	17,184	¥	15,479	¥	23,975	\$	155,219
Other comprehensive income:								
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities		6,746		(5,437)		(5,164)		60,936
Deferred gains or losses on hedges		93		7		(1)		843
Foreign currency translation adjustments		3,924		(3,668)		(1,178)		35,444
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans		5,825		(2,280)		1,800		52,621
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method		10		(0)		(5)		98
Total other comprehensive income (Note 3)		16,600		(11,379)		(4,549)		149,944
Comprehensive income	¥	33,784	¥	4,099	¥	19,425	\$	305,163
Comprehensive income attributable to:								
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	¥	31,978	¥	2,976	¥	17,996	\$	288,850
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests		1,806		1,123		1,429		16,313
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES Years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019

			Millions of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)
	2021	2020	2019	2021
Shareholders' equity				
Capital stock				
Balance at beginning of year	¥ 33,046	¥ 33,046	¥ 33,046	\$ 298,498
Changes of items during the period				
Total changes of items during the period	_	_		_
Balance at the end of current period	33,046	33,046	33,046	298,498
Capital surplus				
Balance at beginning of year	30,962	32,784	32,799	279,669
Changes of items during the period				
Change in treasury shares of parent arising from transactions with non-controlling interests	141	(1,821)	(14)	1,275
Total changes of items during the period	141	(1,821)	(14)	1,275
Balance at the end of current period	31,103	30,962	32,784	280,944
Retained earnings				
Balance at beginning of year	280,265	272,944	264,963	2,531,529
Changes of items during the period				
Dividends from surplus—¥100.00 per share	(6,523)	(6,848)	(5,906)	(58,921)
Change of scope of consolidation	(21)	167	_	(195)
Net income attributable to owners of parent	15,831	14,003	22,238	142,995
Disposal of treasury stock	(7)	(1)	(0)	(69)
Cancellation of treasury stock	_	_	(8,351)	_
Total changes of items during the period	9,278	7,321	7,980	83,808
Balance at the end of current period	289,544	280,265	272,944	2,615,338
Treasury stock				
Balance at beginning of year	(11,583)	(11,601)	(18,683)	(104,627)
Changes of items during the period				
Purchase of treasury stock	(3)	(4)	(1,767)	(35)
Disposal of treasury stock	52	23	498	470
Cancellation of treasury stock	_	_	8,351	_
Total changes of items during the period	48	18	7,081	435
Balance at the end of current period	(11,535)	(11,583)	(11,601)	(104,191)
Accumulated other comprehensive income				
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities				
Balance at beginning of year	14,246	19,642	24,730	128,686
Changes of items during the period				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	6,616	(5,395)	(5,087)	59,762
Total changes of items during the period	6,616	(5,395)	(5,087)	59,762
Balance at the end of current period	20,863	14,246	19,642	188,448
Deferred gains or losses on hedges				
Balance at beginning of year	(103)	(110)	(108)	(931)
Changes of items during the period				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	93	7	(1)	843
Total changes of items during the period	93	7	(1)	843
Balance at the end of current period	(9)	(103)	(110)	(88)

		Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)		
	2021	2020	Millions of yen 2019	2021
Foreign currency translation adjustments				
Balance at beginning of year	¥ (7,395)	¥ (4,008)	¥ (3,035)	\$ (66,799)
Changes of items during the period				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	3,641	(3,387)	(972)	32,892
Total changes of items during the period	3,641	(3,387)	(972)	32,892
Balance at the end of current period	(3,753)	(7,395)	(4,008)	(33,907)
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans				
Balance at beginning of year	(7,956)	(5,705)	(7,526)	(71,867)
Changes of items during the period				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	5,796	(2,250)	1,820	52,356
Total changes of items during the period	5,796	(2,250)	1,820	52,356
Balance at the end of current period	(2,160)	(7,956)	(5,705)	(19,511)
Subscription rights to shares				
Balance at beginning of year	482	431	300	4,359
Changes of items during the period				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	34	50	131	307
Total changes of items during the period	34	50	131	307
Balance at the end of current period	516	482	431	4,667
Non-controlling interests				
Balance at beginning of year	22,128	23,302	20,112	199,881
Changes of items during the period				
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	1,295	(1,173)	3,190	11,705
Total changes of items during the period	1,295	(1,173)	3,190	11,705
Balance at the end of current period	23,424	22,128	23,302	211,587
Total net assets				
Balance at beginning of year	354,094	360,726	346,599	3,198,399
Changes of items during the period				
Dividends from surplus—¥100.00 per share	(6,523)	(6,848)	(5,906)	(58,921)
Change of scope of consolidation	(21)	167	—	(195)
Net income attributable to owners of parent	15,831	14,003	22,238	142,995
Purchase of treasury stock	(3)	(4)	(1,767)	(35)
Disposal of treasury stock	44	21	498	400
Cancellation of treasury stock	_	_	—	_
Change in treasury shares of parent arising from transactions with non-controlling interests	141	(1,821)	(14)	1,275
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	17,477	(12,149)	(920)	157,868
Total changes of items during the period	26,945	(6,631)	14,127	243,388
Balance at the end of current period	¥ 381,040	¥ 354,094	¥ 360,726	\$ 3,441,787

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES Years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)			
		2021		2020	IVII	2019		202
Cash flows from operating activities								
Income before income taxes and non-controlling interests	¥	22,201	¥	19,797	¥	31,909	\$	200,53
Depreciation and amortization		36,262		34,340		32,150		327,54
Impairment losses		897				—		8,10
Gain on step acquisitions		—		—		(443)		-
Restructuring charges		—				1,851		-
Settlement received		—		_		(1,051)		-
Gain on contribution of securities to retirement benefit trust		—		(378)		(1,608)		-
Income from compensation for damage		(1,624)		—				(14,67
Increase (decrease) in net defined benefit liability		2,034		896		2,244		18,3
ncrease (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts		59		67		(11)		5
Interest and dividend income		(1,445)		(1,684)		(1,920)		(13,0
nterest expenses		1,259		1,714		2,014		11,3
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		765		53		445		6,9
Gain on sales of investment securities		(796)		(627)		(1,515)		(7,19
Equity in earnings of affiliates, net		(109)		(150)		(29)		(99
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable-trade		(246)		13,197		(5,329)		(2,2
Decrease (increase) in inventories		8,838		(5,572)		(9,868)		79,8
ncrease (decrease) in notes and accounts payable-trade		1,392		(11,120)		(141)		12,5
Others		6,221		(4,083)		139		56,1
Subtotal		75,710		46,450		48,833		683,8
nterest and dividend income received		1,533		1,787		1,997		13,8
nterest expenses paid		(1,325)		(1,721)		(2,009)		(11,9
Proceeds from compensation for damage		1,624		(1,721)		(2,003)		14,6
Settlement package received		1,024		_		1,051		14,0
		(3,502)		(6,531)		,		121 6
ncome taxes paid						(8,760)		(31,6
Net cash provided by operating activities		74,040		39,983		41,113		668,7
ash flows from investing activities		(00.404)		(40.077)		(40.007)		1050 4
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(39,431)		(42,977)		(43,987)		(356,1)
Proceeds from sales of property, plant and equipment		(0.005)		725		1,705		(00.7
Purchase of intangible assets		(2,965)		(3,297)		(1,809)		(26,7
Purchase of investment securities		(74)		(175)		(1,607)		(6)
Proceeds from sales and distributions of investment securities		57		867		1,635		5
Proceeds from redemption of investment securities		104		4,000				9
Proceeds from purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change								
in scope of consolidation		—		37		227		
Purchase of stocks of subsidiaries and affiliates		_		—		(1,878)		
Payments of loans receivable		(874)		(1,238)		(1,220)		(7,8
Collection of loans receivable		1,145		872		1,162		10,3 [,]
Others		(1,191)		(620)		(1,454)		(10,7
Net cash used in investing activities		(43,229)		(41,807)		(47,229)		(390,4
ash flows from financing activities								
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable		(3,515)		14,121		13,648		(31,7
Proceeds from long-term loans payable		776		1,362		3,810		7,0
Repayment of long-term loans payable		(11,712)		(4,366)		(10,880)		(105,7
Proceeds from issuance of bonds		_		10,000		_		
Redemption of bonds		_		(10,000)		_		
Repayments of lease obligations		(501)		(244)		(127)		(4,5
Proceeds from share issuance to non-controlling shareholders		_		390		245		
Cash dividends paid		(6,523)		(6,848)		(5,906)		(58,9
Cash dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(260)		(314)		(351)		(2,3
Purchase of treasury stock		(3)		(4)		(1,767)		(
Proceeds from sales of treasury stock		0		0		395		,
Payments from changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries		Ũ		5		500		
that do not result in change in scope of consolidation		(162)		(4,574)		(21)		(1,4
Net cash used in financing activities		(21,903)		(479)		(954)		(197,8
fect of exchange rate change on cash and cash equivalents		(198)		(201)		(373)		(137,8
et increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		8,708		(2,505)		(7,443)		78,6
ash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		37,606		39,970		47,413		339,6
crease in cash and cash equivalents resulting from change of scope		57,000		53,370		47,410		333,0
of consolidation	•	45		141		_		40
ash and cash equivalents at end of period	¥	46,360	¥	37,606	¥	39,970	\$	418,7
				,000				,/

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

KANEKA CORPORATION AND CONSOLIDATED SUBSIDIARIES

1. BASIS OF PRESENTING CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Kaneka Corporation (the "Company") and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries maintain their official accounting records in Japanese yen and in accordance with the provisions set forth in the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law in Japan and its related accounting regulations and accounting principles generally accepted in Japan ("Japanese GAAP"), which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements from International Financial Reporting Standards.

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been restructured and translated into English with some expanded descriptions from the consolidated financial statements of the Company prepared in accordance with Japanese GAAP and filed with the appropriate Local Finance Bureau of the Ministry of Finance as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law in Japan. Some supplementary information included in the statutory Japanese language consolidated financial statements, but not required for fair presentation, is not presented in the accompanying consolidated financial statements. The accounts of consolidated overseas subsidiaries were prepared for consolidation purposes in accordance with either International Financial Reporting Standards or U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, with adjustments for the specified items as applicable in compliance with ASBJ Practical Solution No. 18, "Tentative Treatment of Accounting for Foreign Subsidiaries in Preparing Consolidated Financial Statements."

The translation of the Japanese yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts is included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan, using the prevailing exchange rate on March 31, 2021 which was ¥110.71 to U.S.\$1.00. The translations should not be construed as representations that the Japanese yen amounts have been, could have been or could in the future be converted into U.S. dollars at this or any other rate of exchange.

The disclosed amounts have been rounded down under one million yen. Therefore, total or subtotal amounts don't necessarily correspond with the aggregate of the account balances.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and significant companies over which the Company has power of control through majority voting rights or existence of certain other conditions evidencing control (together, the "Companies"). Investments in nonconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates over which the Company has the ability to exercise significant influence over operating and financial policies are accounted for by the equity method, except for insignificant investments which are recorded at cost.

The Company has 89 consolidated subsidiaries (88 in FY2020 and 83 in FY2019) and 3 affiliates accounted for by the equity method (3 in FY2020 and FY2019). For the year ended March 31, 2021, the accounts of 19 consolidated subsidiaries were included based on a fiscal year that ended on December 31. When significant transactions occur at those subsidiaries between their fiscal year end and that of the Company, the transactions are included in consolidation. Intercompany transactions and accounts have been eliminated. In the elimination of investments in subsidiaries, the assets and liabilities of the subsidiaries, including the portion attributable to non-controlling shareholders, are evaluated using the fair value at the time the Company acquired control of the respective subsidiary.

From the year ended March 31, 2021, Kaneka Medical Vietnam Co., Ltd. have changed its settlement date from December 31 to March 31. As a result, the year ended March 31, 2021, Kaneka Medical Vietnam Co., Ltd. comprises 15 months. The accounting change due to this fiscal term change has been adjusted through the income statements. The effect of this change on Kaneka's net sales, operating income, and income before income taxes and non-controlling interests was immaterial.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash on hand, readily available deposits and short-term highly liquid investments with maturities not exceeding three months at the time of purchase are considered to be cash and cash equivalents.

Allowance for doubtful accounts

The allowance for doubtful accounts is provided to cover possible losses on collection. With respect to normal trade accounts receivable, it is based on the actual rate of historical bad debts, and for certain doubtful receivables, the uncollectible amount is individually estimated.

Securities

The Companies hold equity securities issued by subsidiaries and affiliated companies and available-for-sale securities. Equity securities issued by subsidiaries and affiliated companies which are not consolidated or accounted for using the equity method are stated at moving average cost. Available-for-sale securities with available fair values are stated at fair value. Unrealized gains and unrealized losses on these securities are reported, net of applicable income taxes, as a separate component of net assets. Realized gains and losses on the sale of such securities are computed using moving average cost. Securities with no available fair value are stated at moving average cost.

Derivatives and hedge accounting

Derivative financial instruments are stated at fair value, and changes in the fair value are recognized as gain or loss unless the derivative financial instruments are used for hedging purposes. If derivative financial instruments are used as hedges and meet certain hedging criteria, the Companies defer recognition of gain or loss resulting from a change in the fair value of the derivative financial instrument until the related loss or gain on the hedged item is recognized. Also, if interest rate swap contracts are used as hedges and meet certain hedging criteria, the net amount to be paid or received under the interest rate swap contract is added to or deducted from the interest on the assets or liabilities for which the swap contract was executed.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost as determined principally by the average cost method. The balance sheet amount is calculated at the lower of either the acquisition cost or the net selling price at the end of the fiscal year.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated loss from impairment. Cumulative amounts of recognized impairment loss are deducted from acquisition costs. Depreciation is computed over the estimated useful life of the asset mainly by the straight-line method. Repairs, maintenance and minor renewals are charged to expenses as incurred. Property, plant and equipment capitalized under finance lease arrangements are depreciated over the estimated useful life as measured by the lease term of the respective asset by the straight-line method. The residual value is zero or the guaranteed residual value.

Goodwill

Goodwill, except for minor goodwill, is amortized by the straightline method within 20 years. Minor goodwill is expensed as incurred.

Liability (asset) for retirement benefits

The Company has an unfunded lump-sum benefit plan generally covering all employees. Under the terms of the plan, eligible employees are entitled upon mandatory retirement at age 60 or earlier voluntary termination to a lump-sum severance payment based on compensation at the time of severance and years of service.

In addition to the unfunded lump-sum plan, the Company participates in a noncontributory funded pension plan, which covers substantially all employees. Consolidated domestic subsidiaries have similar lump-sum benefit plans and pension plans. Certain overseas consolidated subsidiaries have defined contribution plans.

The Companies provide employees' severance and retirement benefits based on the estimated amounts of projected benefit obligation, actuarially calculated using certain assumptions, and the fair value of the plan assets. The estimated benefit is attributed to each period based on the plan's benefit formula. Prior service costs are recognized as expense using the straight-line method over mainly 5 years, a term within the average of the estimated remaining service years of the current employees. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized using the straight-line method over mainly 10 years, a term also within the average of the estimated remaining service years of employees, commencing with the following period.

Provision for directors' retirement benefits

Directors and statutory auditors terminating their service with certain consolidated domestic subsidiaries are entitled to receive retirement benefits based on compensation and years of service, subject to the approval of shareholders. Certain consolidated domestic subsidiaries accrue the liability for their plans in amounts sufficient to provide for benefits arising from services performed through the balance sheet date.

Research and development expenses

Expenses related to research and development activities are charged to income as incurred. Research and development expenses for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were ¥27,820 million (\$251,288 thousand), ¥29,389 million and ¥28,963 million, respectively.

Income taxes

The tax effects of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for tax and financial reporting are recognized as deferred income taxes. The asset-liability approach is used to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for income tax purposes.

Net income per share

The computations of net income per share of common stock are based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during each period. The Company implemented a 5 to 1 consolidation of shares of common stock with October 1, 2018 as the effective date. Net income per share is calculated based on the assumption that the consolidation had been implemented at the beginning of FY2018.

Application of consolidated taxation system

The Company and certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries apply a consolidated taxation system.

Application of tax effect accounting for the transition from the consolidated tax payment system to the group taxation system.

Having regard to paragraph 3 of "Practical Solution on the Treatment of Tax Effect Accounting for the Transition from the Consolidated Taxation System to the Group Tax Sharing System" (PITF No.39, March 31, 2020), the Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries did not follow paragraph 44 of "Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Guidance No. 28, February 16, 2018) but applied provisions of pre-amended tax laws when calculating the amounts of deferred tax assets and liabilities that relate to transitioning to the group taxation system and related amendments of tax laws for transitioning to the single tax payment system.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2021 presentation. These changes had no impact on previously reported results of operations or shareholders' equity.

(Significant accounting estimates)

Measurement of Inventories

(1) Carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statement in the current consolidated fiscal year

Based on accounting estimates the amount of "inventories" recorded in the consolidated financial statements in the current consolidated fiscal year is for "merchandise and finished goods" ¥54,161 million (\$489,222 thousand), "work-in-process" ¥9,198 million (\$83,087 thousand) and "raw materials and supplies" ¥46,325 million (\$418,438 thousand).

For a portion of the "inventories" of ¥9,938 million (\$89,769 thousand) related to Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition Solutions Vehicle included in Health Care Solutions Unit, there is a possibility of examining its sellability.

(2) Information on the nature of significant accounting estimates for identified items

Inventories are measured at the lower of acquisition cost or net selling price at the end of the fiscal year. However, for slow-moving inventories that are outside the normal operating cycle and whose turnover period exceeds a certain threshold, the Company reduces the carrying amount to the estimated disposal value when it cannot determine whether they are marketable after considering the salability.

It has been determined that the products of Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition Solutions Vehicle may be sold. However, since make-to-stock production will be conducted based on future demand forecasts, the sellability is uncertain and can be affected by future fluctuations in economic conditions.

(Standards and guidance not yet adopted)

- 1. Accounting standard for revenue recognition
- "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020)
- "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Guidance No. 30, March 26, 2021)

(1) Overview

The above standard and guidance provide comprehensive principles for revenue recognition. Under the standard and guidance, revenue is recognized by applying the following 5 steps:

- Step 1: Identify contract(s) with customers.
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligations in the contract.
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price.
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligation in the contract.
- Step 5: Recognize revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation.

(2) Effective date

Effective from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(3) Effects of application of the standards

The Company and its domestic consolidated subsidiaries are currently in the process of determining the effects of these new standards on the consolidated financial statements.

2. Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement

- "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Statement No. 30, July 4, 2019)
- "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No. 31, July 4, 2019)
- "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories" (ASBJ Statement No. 9, July 4, 2019)
- "Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Statement No. 10, July 4, 2019)
- "Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" (ASBJ Guidance No. 19, March 31, 2020)

(1) Overview

In order to enhance comparability with internationally recognized accounting standards, "Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" and "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (together, hereinafter referred to as "Fair Value Accounting Standards") were developed and guidance on methods measuring fair value was issued. Fair Value Accounting Standards are applicable to the fair value measurement of the following items:

- Financial instruments in "Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments"; and
- Inventories held for trading purposes in "Accounting Standard for Measurement of Inventories."

Also, the "Implementation Guidance on Disclosures about Fair Value of Financial Instruments" has been revised. Along with this revision, notes on fair value information of financial instruments by level of inputs have been set.

(2) Effective date

Fair Value Accounting Standards and guidance will be effective from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(3) Effects of application of the standards

The Company and its consolidated subsidiaries are currently in the process of determining the effects of these new standards on the consolidated financial statements.

(Changes in presentation method)

(Adoption of "Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates")

The Company and its subsidiaries adopted ASBJ Statement No. 31 "Accounting Standard for Disclosure of Accounting Estimates" (March 31, 2020) to the consolidated financial statements for the current consolidated fiscal year, and therefore significant accounting estimates are disclosed in the note to the consolidated financial statements.

The note does not include information for the prior consolidated fiscal year in accordance with the transitional provision set out in paragraph 11 of the Accounting Standard.

3. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

				Millions of yen			Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)	
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities								
Increase (Decrease) during the year	¥	10,285	¥	(6,826)	¥	(4,299)	\$	92,905
Reclassification adjustments		(788)		(883)		(2,911)		(7,125
Subtotal, before tax		9,496		(7,709)		(7,210)		85,780
Tax expense		(2,750)		2,271		2,046		(24,843
Subtotal, net of tax		6,746		(5,437)		(5,164)		60,936
Deferred gains or losses on hedges								
Increase (Decrease) during the year		(395)		477		223		(3,574
Reclassification adjustments		514		(466)		(226)		4,651
Subtotal, before tax		119		11		(2)		1,076
Tax expense		(25)		(4)		0		(233
Subtotal, net of tax		93		7		(1)		843
Foreign currency translation adjustment								
Increase (Decrease) during the year		3,924		(3,668)		(1,153)		35,444
Reclassification adjustments		_		_		(25)		_
Subtotal, before tax		3,924		(3,668)		(1,178)		35,444
Tax expense		_		_		_		_
Subtotal, net of tax		3,924		(3,668)		(1,178)		35,444
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans								
Increase (Decrease) during the year		6,364		(4,443)		651		57,492
Reclassification adjustments		2,031		1,149		1,941		18,348
Subtotal, before tax		8,396		(3,294)		2,592		75,840
Tax expense		(2,570)		1,014		(792)		(23,219
Subtotal, net of tax		5,825		(2,280)		1,800		52,62 1
Share of other comprehensive income of associates accounted for using equity method								
Increase (Decrease) during the year		10		(0)		(76)		98
Reclassification adjustments		_		_		71		_
Subtotal, net of tax		10		(0)		(5)		98
Total other comprehensive income	¥	16,600	¥	(11,379)	¥	(4,549)	\$	149,944

4. STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

				Mil	lions of yen	nousands of lars (Note 1)
Important non-cash transactions		2021	2020		2019	2021
Cancellation of treasury stock	¥	— ¥	_	¥	8,351	\$ _

5. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

1. Matters regarding financial instruments

(1) Policy for handling financial instruments

The Companies procure funds necessary for the manufacturing and sales business primarily through borrowings from financial institutions or by issuing corporate bonds based upon the plan and budget for capital investments. In principle, temporary surplus funds are centralized by the Cash Management System (CMS) and invested in highly safe financial assets. Derivative transactions are used to hedge against risks described below, but never for speculative purposes.

(2) Description of financial instruments and inherent risks

Notes and accounts receivable - trade, which are operating receivables, are exposed to customer credit risk. Operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies generated from global business operations are exposed to foreign exchange fluctuation risk. Marketable securities and investment securities, primarily shares of companies with which the Companies maintain business relations, are exposed to the risk of market price fluctuations.

Notes and accounts payable, which are operating payables, are basically settled in the short-term with a deadline set within a year. Operating payables include payables denominated in foreign currencies for importing materials and are exposed to foreign exchange fluctuation risk. However, they remain within the range of the balance of operating receivables denominated in the same foreign currencies. Short-term borrowings are primarily for procuring operating capital and long-term debt, and bonds are issued to obtain necessary funds mainly for capital expenditures. A portion of the short-term debt and the long-term debt is exposed to interest rate fluctuation risk, but the effect is limited.

Derivative transactions such as foreign exchange forward contracts, currency swaps and interest rate swaps are used to hedge against the foreign currency fluctuation risk and interest rate fluctuation risk associated with operating receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies, investment assets, loans receivable, etc. Since all derivative transactions correspond to assets and liabilities on the balance sheets, foreign exchange fluctuation risk is hedged and the fluctuation risk of market interest rates is rendered insignificant.

(3) Risk management system related to financial instruments(a) Credit risk management (risk pertaining to breach of contract on the part of business partners)

The Company aims to mitigate credit risk by quickly identifying any concerns about the collection of operating receivables resulting from the deterioration of a business partner's financial position or other factors. Also, each business division periodically reviews the status of our main business partners and regularly monitors dead-lines, balances and credit status for each partner. The consolidated subsidiaries also manage operating receivables in accordance with the practices of the Company.

As for debt securities, the credit risk is insignificant since the Company only handles those with high ratings or issued by companies with existing business relations with the Company and whose creditability is verifiable. Furthermore, the Company periodically verifies the financial position of issuers to mitigate risk. Since the counterparties to the derivative transactions are highly creditworthy financial institutions, the Company considers the risk of their breach of contract as almost nil.

The maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is represented by their carrying amounts on the balance sheet as of March 31, 2021.

(b) Market risk management (foreign exchange and interest rate fluctuation risk)

The Company and some consolidated subsidiaries identify foreign exchange fluctuation risk associated with operating receivables or operating payables denominated in foreign currencies by currency and by month. Such risk is hedged by using foreign exchange forward contracts, principally up to the amounts to be settled after netting operating payables or operating receivables denominated in foreign currencies. Note that the Company defines the monthly execution limit and the operating standard based upon its Procedures for Foreign Exchange Management and enters into foreign exchange forward contracts within the scope provided by the procedures. Also, the Companies utilize interest rate swaps mainly to hedge against the fluctuation risk of market interest rates.

For marketable securities and investment securities, the Company periodically identifies fair values and the financial positions of the issuers (business partner companies). For securities other than held-to-maturity bonds, the Company continuously revises the holding status taking into consideration the business relationship with the business partner companies.

The Financial Department of the Company executes derivative transactions based upon its Transaction Regulations for Derivative Financial Products, which defines the basic policy, the scope of operations, the personnel responsible for execution, the basis for decision making and the management system. Consolidated subsidiaries enter into derivative transactions based upon resolutions passed by their respective bodies upon the Company's approval. The Company ensures an effective internal checking system by segregating the execution function from the monitoring and managing function. Also, the Director of the Company's Financial Department performs evaluations for hedge effectiveness of all derivative transactions entered into by the Companies and reports the results together with a description of the underlying assets and liabilities to the President and the CFO on a monthly basis.

(c) Liquidity risk management relating to fund procurement (risk of non-execution of payments by deadlines)

The Company manages liquidity risk by timely preparing and updating cash flow plans by the Financial Department and by maintaining a liquidity facility, which is the sum of liquidity on hand and commitment lines, in the approximate amount of one month's consolidated net sales. In addition, the Companies mitigate liquidity risk in principle by centralizing the Companies' funds using CMS. Accordingly, the Companies consider that no significant liquidity risk exists.

(4) Supplementary explanation for matters regarding fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is based on market price. If a market price is not available, another valuation method is used. Such methods include variable factors and assumptions, and the results of a valuation may differ depending on which factors and assumptions are used.

The contract amounts related to the derivative transactions shown in "Derivative Transactions" do not indicate the market risks associated with the derivative transactions themselves.

2. Matters regarding the fair value of financial instruments

The table below shows the amounts of financial instruments recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2021 (the consolidated accounts settlement date of the year ended March 31, 2021), their fair values and any differences between the balance sheet amounts and the fair values. Financial instruments whose fair values were deemed extremely difficult to assess were not included (see Note 2).

					Μ	illions of yer
	Consolic balance s arr			Fair value		Difference
(1) Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 46	,360	¥	46,360	¥	_
(2) Notes and accounts receivable—trade	135	,618		135,618		_
(3) Marketable and investment securities						
Available-for-sale securities	50	,480		50,480		_
(4) Long-term loans receivable		761				
Allowance for doubtful accounts (*1)		(0)				
		761		762		1
Total assets	233	,220		233,222		1
(1) Notes and accounts payable—trade	75	,757		75,757		_
(2) Short-term loans payable	84	,181		84,181		_
(3) Accounts payableother	27	,253		27,253		_
(4) Bonds payable	10	,000		10,981		981
(5) Long-term loans payable	25	,161		25,311		149
Total liabilities	222	,353		223,485		1,131
Derivative transactions (*2)						
— Hedge accounting not applied		(85)		(85)		_
— Hedge accounting applied		(30)		(30)		_

^(*1) The amount of allowance for doubtful accounts, which is recorded for each long-term loan receivable, is excluded.

(*2) Assets and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are stated as a net amount. The figures in parenthesis indicate net liabilities. The table below shows the amounts of financial instruments recorded in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2020 (the consolidated accounts settlement date for the year ended March 31, 2020), their fair values and any differences between the balance sheet amounts and the fair values. Financial instruments whose fair values were deemed extremely difficult to assess were not included (see Note 2).

			Millions of yen
	Consolidated balance sheet	Fair value	Difference
	amount		Difference
(1) Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 37,606	¥ 37,606	¥ —
(2) Notes and accounts receivable—trade	134,110	134,110	
(3) Marketable and investment securities			
Available-for-sale securities	41,014	41,014	—
(4) Long-term loans receivable	1,005		
Allowance for doubtful accounts (*1)	(0)		
	1,005	1,009	3
Total assets	213,737	213,741	3
(1) Notes and accounts payable—trade	73,509	73,509	_
(2) Short-term loans payable	88,835	88,835	_
(3) Accounts payable—other	28,755	28,755	_
(4) Bonds payable	10,000	11,187	1,187
(5) Long-term loans payable	33,293	33,309	16
Total liabilities	234,392	235,596	1,203
Derivative transactions (*2)			
— Hedge accounting not applied	62	62	_
— Hedge accounting applied	360	360	—

^(*1) The amount of allowance for doubtful accounts, which is recorded for each long-term loan receivable, is excluded.

(*2) Assets and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are stated as a net amount. The figures in parenthesis indicate net liabilities.

The table below shows the amounts as of March 31, 2021 calculated into U.S. dollars.

Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1									
	Consolidated								
	balance sheet amount	Fair value	Difference						
(1) Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 418,756	\$ 418,756	s —						
(2) Notes and accounts receivable—trade	1,224,991	1,224,991	_						
(3) Marketable and investment securities									
Available-for-sale securities	455,968	455,968	_						
(4) Long-term loans receivable	6,876								
Allowance for doubtful accounts (*1)	(0)								
	6,876	6,888	12						
Total assets	2,106,592	2,106,604	12						
(1) Notes and accounts payable—trade	684,291	684,291	_						
(2) Short-term loans payable	760,378	760,378	_						
(3) Accounts payable other	246,166	246,166	_						
(4) Bonds payable	90,326	99,195	8,869						
(5) Long-term loans payable	227,273	228,626	1,353						
Total liabilities	2,008,435	2,018,658	10,222						
Derivative transactions (*2)									
— Hedge accounting not applied	(774)	(774)	—						
— Hedge accounting applied	(273)	(273)	_						

(*1) The amount of allowance for doubtful accounts, which is recorded for each long-term loan receivable, is excluded.

(*2) Assets and liabilities arising from derivative transactions are stated as a net amount. The figures in parenthesis indicate net liabilities.

Note 1.

Matters regarding the determination of fair value for financial instruments, marketable securities and derivative transactions Assets

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

The fair value of time deposits approximates book value because of their short-term nature. Thus, the book value is used as the fair value.

(2) Notes and accounts receivable—trade

The fair value of notes and accounts receivable—trade settled in a short period of time approximates book value. Therefore, the book value is used as the fair value. The fair value of long-term notes and accounts receivable - trade is based on the present value calculated by discounting receivable amounts classified by certain periods at a rate that takes into account the time to maturity and credit risk.

(3) Marketable and investment securities

The fair value of equity securities is measured by market prices on exchanges. The fair value of debt securities is based on market prices on exchanges or by prices obtained from financial institutions. Debt securities without available market prices are measured at present value by discounting future cash flows generated by the financial assets. Refer to "Securities" for matters regarding securities classified by the purpose for which they are held. (4) Long-term loans receivable

The fair value of long-term loans receivable is measured at the present value of future cash flows classified by the length of term and by risk category, according to the Company's credit risk management, at a rate with credit spread added to appropriate indices such as JGB yields. The fair value of borrowings with special concern is measured at the amounts deemed collectable because of the existence of collateral and/or guarantees.

Liabilities

(1) Notes and accounts payable—trade, (2) Short-term loans payable and (3) Accounts payable—other

The fair value of notes and accounts payable—trade, short-term loans payable and accounts payable—other approximate book value because they are mostly settled in a short period of time. As a result, the book value is used as the fair value. When it cannot be determined whether or not the settlement is made in a short period of time, the fair value is measured at the present value of future cash flows classified by a certain period at a rate that takes into account the time to maturity and credit risk.

(4) Bonds payable

The fair value of bonds payable issued by the Company is measured based on the market price.

(5) Long-term loans payable

The fair value of long-term loans payable is measured at the present value calculated by discounting the total amount of principle and interest at an interest rate for similar new borrowings.

Derivative transactions

Refer to Note 7, "Derivative financial instruments and hedging transactions."

Note 2.

Financial instruments whose fair values are deemed extremely difficult to assess

			Cons	solidated bal	ance sł	neet amount
Туре			Milli	ions of yen		housands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2021
Unlisted equity securities	¥	7,775	¥	7,857	\$	70,230

The financial instruments shown above are not included in the tables in "(3) Marketable and investment securities" because their market prices were not available and their fair values were deemed extremely difficult to assess.

Note 3.

Redemption schedules after the consolidated balance sheet date for monetary receivables and securities with maturity dates

						Million	ns of yen
							2021
	Within one year		ver one year Over five years to five years to ten years		t	Over en years	
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 46,360	¥	_	¥	_	¥	_
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	135,618		_		_		_
Marketable and investment securities							
Available-for-sale securities with maturities (corporate bonds)	_		110		_		_
Long-term loans receivable	32		437		279		12
Total	¥ 182,012	¥	547	¥	279	¥	12

				Millions o	f yen
				2	020
-	Within one year	s Over s ten years			
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 37,606	¥ —	¥ —	¥	_
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	134,110	_	_		_
Marketable and investment securities					
Available-for-sale securities with maturities (corporate bonds)	108	108	_		_
Long-term loans receivable	38	584	369		13
Total	¥ 171,864	¥ 693	¥ 369	¥	13

	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)								
								2021	
		Within one year		r one year five years		five years ten years		Over ten years	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	418,756	\$	_	\$	—	\$	_	
Notes and accounts receivable-trade	ſ	1,224,991		_		_		_	
Marketable and investment securities									
Available-for-sale securities with maturities (corporate bonds)		_		1,000		_		_	
Long-term loans receivable		295		3,948		2,523		108	
Total	\$1	1,644,043	\$	4,948	\$	2,523	\$	108	

Note 4.

Maturity schedules after the consolidated balance sheet date for bonds and long-term debt refer to Note 14, "Short-term loans payable and long-term debt."

6. SECURITIES

The following tables summarize acquisition costs and book values (fair values) of available-for-sale securities with available fair values as of March 31, 2021:

Securities with book value exceeding acquisition cost:

			Millions of yen		Thousands of U.S. dollars (No				
			2021			2021			
	Acquisition cost	Book value	Difference	Acquisition cost	Book value	Difference			
Equity securities	¥ 18,548	¥ 48,882	¥ 30,333	\$ 167,542	\$ 441,532	\$ 273,989			
Bonds	—	_	_	_	_	_			
	¥ 18,548	¥ 48,882	¥ 30,333	\$ 167,542	\$ 441,532	\$ 273,989			

Securities with book value not exceeding acquisition cost:

			Millions of y						Thou	usands of U.S	. dolla	rs (Note 1)
						2021						2021
	Acquisit	ion cost	E	Book value	l	Difference	Acqu	isition cost		Book value		Difference
Equity securities	¥	1,769	¥	1,598	¥	(170)	\$	15,978	\$	14,436	\$	(1,542)
Bonds		_		_		_		_		_		_
	¥	1,769	¥	1,598	¥	(170)	\$	15,978	\$	14,436	\$	(1,542)

The following table summarizes sales of available-for-sale securities as of March 31, 2021:

		Millions of yen							Thou	sands of U.S	. dollars	(Note 1)
						2021						2021
		Sales	Gair	n on sales	Loss	on sales	-	Sales	Ga	in on sales	Loss	on sales
Equity securities	¥	859	¥	796	¥	_	\$	7,761	\$	7,194	\$	_
Bonds		_		_		_		_		_		_
	¥	859	¥	796	¥	_	\$	7,761	\$	7,194	\$	_

The following tables summarize acquisition costs and book values (fair values) of available-for-sale securities with available fair values as of March 31, 2020:

Securities with book value exceeding acquisition cost:

			Mill	ions of yen
				2020
Acquisition co	st	Book value		Difference
¥ 15,09	3¥	36,403	¥	21,307
-	-	_		_
¥ 15,09	3¥	36,403	¥	21,307
	¥ 15,096		¥ 15,096 ¥ 36,403	Acquisition cost Book value ¥ 15,096 ¥ 36,403 ¥ — — —

Securities with book value not exceeding acquisition cost:

					Millic	ns of yen
						2020
	Acquis	ition cost	E	Book value	Difference	
Equity securities	¥	5,192	¥	4,611	¥	(581)
Bonds		_		_		_
	¥	5,192	¥	4,611	¥	(581)

The following table summarizes sales of available-for-sale securities as of March 31, 2020:

					Million	s of yen
						2020
		Sales	Gain	on sales	Loss o	on sales
Equity securities	¥	784	¥	627	¥	_
Bonds		_				
	¥	784	¥	627	¥	

7. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND HEDGING TRANSACTIONS

Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting was not applied as of March 31, 2021 were as follows:

			Millio	ons of yen	Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)				
	Contra	ct amount		Fair value	Contra	act amount		Fair value	
Foreign exchange forward contracts									
Sell contracts									
U.S. dollar	¥	3,447	¥	(64)	\$	31,143	\$	(583)	
Euro		208		(2)		1,886		(24)	
British pound		192		(4)		1,742		(42)	
Thai baht		1,432		(6)		12,942		(56)	
Malaysia Ringgit		4,510		(31)		40,744		(283)	
Buy contract									
U.S. dollar		1,193		24		10,777		217	

Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting was applied as of March 31, 2021 were as follows:

			Millio	ns of yen		U.S	ousands of rs (Note 1)
	Contrac	ract amount Fair value		Fair value Contract amount		ict amount	 Fair value
Currency swap contract							
Pay U.S. dollars and receive Malaysia Ringgit	¥	669	¥	(30)	\$	6,050	\$ (273)

Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting was not applied as of March 31, 2020 were as follows:

		Millions of yen
	Contract amount	Fair value
Foreign exchange forward contracts		
Sell contracts		
U.S. dollar	¥ 5,255	¥ 52
Euro	46	(0)
British pound	28	1
Thai baht	1,091	(4)
Currency swap contracts		
Pay Malaysia Ringgit and receive Singapore dollars	641	12

Derivative transactions to which hedge accounting was applied as of March 31, 2020 were as follows:

			Millic	ons of yen
	Contra	ict amount		Fair value
Currency swap contract				
Pay U.S. dollars and receive Malaysia Ringgit	¥	1,605	¥	(12)
Pay Japanese Yen and receive Malaysia Ringgit		4,753		372
			Millic	ons of yen
	Contra	act amount		Fair value
Interest rate swap				
Pay floating and receive fixed	¥	500		(*)

(*) Because interest rate swaps are processed with loans payable, the fair value is included in the fair value of the loans payable (Note 5).

8. INVENTORIES

			N	1illions of yen	U.S. d	Thousands of Iollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2021
Merchandise and finished goods	¥	54,161	¥	66,057	\$	489,222
Work-in-process		9,198		8,727		83,087
Raw materials and supplies		46,325		42,474		418,438
	¥	109,685	¥	117,259	\$	990,749

9. INCOME FROM COMPENSATION FOR DAMAGE

The Companies recognized income from compensation for damage related to patent proceedings in other income for the year ended March 31, 2021.

10. RESTRUCTURING CHARGES

In 2019, in order to develop and launch high-efficiency solar cells in the solar cell business in which demand is expected to increase, the Group has radically reinvented the production processes based on technologies accumulated from the past.

Following these structural reforms, the following losses were recorded as restructuring costs for obsolete manufacturing facilities and inventories.

The main component of this was inventory valuation loss of ¥1,578 million.

With regard to machinery and equipment for which there was no prospect of future use due to the business restructuring, the book value has been reduced to the recoverable value, and the reduction of ¥272 million has been included in business structural reform expenses as other expenses.

11. IMPAIRMENT LOSSES

The Companies recognized impairment loss in other expenses for the year ended March 31, 2019.

Location	Use	Туре
Toyooka, Hyogo	Business assets	Machinery, equipment and vehicles, etc.

The Companies group their assets mainly by the Solutions Vehicles of the Company, and among these, the businesses of the consolidated subsidiaries are grouped by the relevant subsidiaries. Idle assets are grouped by individual assets in the current consolidated fiscal year, the book value of machinery and equipment the use of which is no longer expected due to business structural reform was reduced to the recoverable value, and a reduction of ¥272 million was included in business structural reform expenses as other expenses. The major component was machinery and equipment ¥202 million in addition, the recoverable value was measured by the net selling price and evaluated by the memorandum price.

The Companies recognized impairment loss in other expenses for the year ended March 31, 2021.

 Location	Use	Туре
Kaneka North America LLC (Texas, U.S.A.)	Business assets (Manufacturing equipment for electronic materials, etc.)	Machinery, equipment and vehicles, etc.

The Companies group their assets mainly by the Solutions Vehicles of the Company. In this case, the asset in this case is for a business in which Kaneka North America LLC mainly engaged, so it is grouped by a consolidated subsidiary. In the current fiscal year, as a result of reviewing the business plan with consideration for COVID-19, the recoverable value of manufacturing equipment for electronic materials in Kaneka North America LLC is less than the book value. Therefore, the book value is reduced to the recoverable value, and the reduced amount, ¥897 million (\$8,106 thousand), is recorded in other expenses. The major component is machinery, equipment and vehicles, ¥690 million (\$6,238 thousand), and the construction in progress ¥150 million (\$1,361 thousand). The recoverable value is measured by the net selling price and evaluated by the estimated sales price.

12. LOSS ON DISASTER

The Companies recognized loss on disaster due to the great cold wave in the U.S.A. in February 2021 in other expenses for the year ended March 31, 2021.

13. INCOME TAXES

The Company and its consolidated domestic subsidiaries are subject to a number of taxes based on income, which, in the aggregate, indicate a statutory rate in Japan of approximately 30.58% for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019.

The significant differences between the statutory and effective tax rate for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	2021	2020	2019
Statutory tax rate	30.58%	30.58%	30.58%
Permanently non-deductible expense	0.34%	1.07%	0.62%
Permanently non-taxable income	(9.85)%	(9.62)%	(6.70)%
Elimination of dividends on consolidation	10.41%	9.19%	6.35%
Tax credits primarily for research and development expenses	(7.59)%	(8.09)%	(3.80)%
Change in valuation allowance	0.23%	(1.25)%	(3.18)%
Tax rate differences of foreign subsidiaries	(3.48)%	(1.49)%	0.88%
Amortization of goodwill	0.82%	0.84%	0.43%
Gain on step acquisitions	%	—%	(0.42)%
Other	1.14%	0.58%	0.10%
Effective tax rate	22.60%	21.81%	24.86%

Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2021 and 2020 were as follows:

		М	illions of yen	Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
	2021		2020	2021
Deferred tax assets:				
Net defined benefit liability	¥ 9,473	¥	11,424	\$ 85,565
Tax loss carryforwards	1,950		1,767	17,617
Loss on valuation of investment securities	827		826	7,478
Excess bonuses accrued	1,911		1,838	17,265
Impairment loss on non-current assets	1,720		1,549	15,539
Unrealized gain	959		698	8,663
Tax credit carryforwards	4,832		4,337	43,647
Other	3,310		3,359	29,898
Subtotal	24,984		25,802	 225,675
Valuation allowance	(6,479)		(6,874)	(58,528)
Total deferred tax assets	18,504		18,928	 167,147
Deferred tax liabilities:				
Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities	(8,715)		(6,213)	(78,723)
Depreciation of foreign subsidiaries	(3,013)		(2,537)	(27,217)

	(0)010)	(2,007,)	(=, /=, ., /
Other	(2,217)	(1,718)	(20,026)
Total deferred tax liabilities	(13,945)	(10,468)	(125,967)
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	¥ 4,559	¥ 8,459	\$ 41,179

14. SHORT-TERM LOANS PAYABLE AND LONG-TERM DEBT

Short-term loans payable are generally unsecured notes for three months with average interest rates of 0.62% and 0.91% at March 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Such borrowings are generally renewable at maturity.

Long-term loans payable and bonds payable at March 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following:

	Millions of yen			U.S. d	Thousands of lollars (Note 1)	
		2021		2020		2021
Secured:						
Loans principally from banks and insurance companies at interest rates from 0.00% to 2.53% in 2021 and 2020, maturing serially through 2024	¥	567	¥	763	\$	5,124
Unsecured:						
Loans from banks and insurance companies at interest rates from 0.00% to 8.76% in 2021 and 2020, maturing serially through 2033		33,943		44,604		306,599
Bonds at interest rate of 0.11%, due September 12, 2024		5,000		5,000		45,163
Bonds at interest rate of 0.24%, due September 12, 2029		5,000		5,000		45,163
		44,510		55,368		402,049
Less amounts due within one year		(9,349)		(12,074)		(84,449)
	¥	35,161	¥	43,293	\$	317,599

At March 31, 2021 and 2020, assets pledged as collateral for secured long-term loans payable, short-term loans payable and notes and accounts payable—trade totaling ¥832 million (\$7,519 thousand) and ¥1,029 million were as follows:

		Millions of yen			Thousands U.S. dollars (Note	
		2021		2020		2021
Property, plant and equipment, net	¥	4,595	¥	4,916	\$	41,505
Investment securities		1,408		928		12,724
	¥	6,003	¥	5,845	\$	54,230

The aggregate annual maturities of long-term loans payable and bonds payable were as follows:

	Millions of yen	Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
Years ending March 31,	2021	2021
2022	¥ 9,349	\$ 84,449
2023	5,839	52,747
2024	8,375	75,654
2025	10,100	91,234
2026	5,406	48,831
2027 and thereafter	5,439	49,132
	¥ 44,510	\$ 402,049

	Mill	ions of yen
Years ending March 31,		2020
2021	¥	12,074
2022		8,939
2023		5,549
2024		8,167
2025		9,919
2026 and thereafter		10,717
	¥	55,368

15. PROVISION FOR RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined benefit plans

(1) Movement in retirement benefit obligations, except plan applying simplified method

		Millions of yen			
	2021		2020		2021
Balance at beginning of year	¥ 119,246	¥	117,923	\$	1,077,110
Service cost	4,232		4,229		38,232
Interest cost	889		890		8,036
Actuarial loss (gain)	2,215		336		20,009
Benefits paid	(4,034)	(4,082)		(36,443)
Other	103		(50)		933
Balance at the end of year	¥ 122,653	¥	119,246	\$	1,107,879

(2) Movements in plan assets, except plan applying simplified method

		Millions of yen				Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2021
Balance at beginning of year	¥	84,431	¥	86,328	\$	762,632
Expected return on plan asset		2,044		2,107		18,467
Actuarial gain (loss)		8,580		(4,107)		77,502
Contributions paid by the employer		1,853		1,858		16,744
Benefits paid		(2,613)		(2,624)		(23,610)
Contribution of securities to retirement benefit trust		_		868		_
Balance at the end of year	¥	94,295	¥	84,431	\$	851,736

(3) Movement in liability for retirement benefits of defined benefit plan applying the simplified method

		Millions of yen			Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020	2021
Balance at beginning of year	¥	3,492	¥	3,389	\$ 31,550
Retirement benefit cost		491		467	4,440
Benefits paid		(271)		(361)	(2,455)
Other		3		(3)	27
Balance at the end of year	¥	3,715	¥	3,492	\$ 33,562

(4) Reconciliation from retirement benefit obligations and plan assets to liability and asset for retirement benefits

	Millions of yen				Thousands of U.S. dollars (Note 1)	
		2021		2020		2021
Funded retirement benefit obligation	¥	118,548	¥	115,338	\$	1,070,805
Plan asset		(94,297)		(84,432)		(851,756)
		24,250		30,905		219,049
Unfunded retirement benefit obligations		7,822		7,403		70,656
Total net liability (asset) for retirement benefits		32,073		38,308		289,705
Liability for retirement benefits		32,073		38,308		289,705
Asset for retirement benefits		_		_		_
Total net liability (asset) for retirement benefits	¥	32,073	¥	38,308	\$	289,705

(5) Retirement benefit costs

					Mi	llions of yen		Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Service cost	¥	4,232	¥	4,229	¥	4,250	\$	38,232
Interest cost		889		890		898		8,036
Expected return on plan assets		(2,044)		(2,107)		(2,087)		(18,467
Net actuarial loss amortization		2,031		1,149		1,941		18,348
Retirement benefit expenses calculated by simplified method		491		467		429		4,440
	¥	5,600	¥	4,629	¥	5,431	\$	50,590
(6) Remeasurements for retirement benefits								
					Mi	llions of yen		Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Actuarial gains and losses	¥	8,396	¥	(3,294)	¥	2,592	\$	75,840
	¥	8,396	¥	(3,294)				Thousands of
Actuarial gains and losses (7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits	¥	8,396	¥			llions of yen		Thousands of ollars (Note 1)
	¥	8,396	¥	(3,294) 2021 3,153				Thousands of
 (7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized (8) Plan assets 	¥	8,396		2021	Mi	llions of yen 2020	U.S. di	Thousands of ollars (Note 1) 2021
(7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized	¥	8,396		2021	Mi	llions of yen 2020 11,549	U.S. di	Thousands of ollars (Note 1) 2021 28,482
 (7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized (8) Plan assets 	¥	8,396		2021	Mi	llions of yen 2020 11,549 20	U.S. di	Thousands of ollars (Note 1) 2021
 (7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized (8) Plan assets Plan assets Plan assets comprise: Bonds 	¥	8,396		2021	Mi	llions of yen 2020 11,549 20 20	<u>U.S. dr</u> \$ 021	Thousands of ollars (Note 1) 2021 28,482 2020
 (7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized (8) Plan assets Plan assets 	¥	8,396		2021	Mi	llions of yen 2020 11,549 20 50 50 31	U.S. da \$ 021 0%	Thousands of ollars (Note 1) 2021 28,482 28,482 2020 53%
 (7) Accumulated remeasurements for retirement benefits Actuarial gains and losses that are yet to be recognized (8) Plan assets Plan assets Plan assets comprise: Bonds Equity securities	¥	8,396		2021	Mi	llions of yen 2020 11,549 20 50 30 31	U.S. dr \$ 021 0%	Thousands of ollars (Note 1) 2021 28,482 2020 53% 23%

2. Long-term expected rate of return

Current and target asset allocations, historical and expected returns on various categories of plan assets have been considered in determining the long-term expected rate of return.

(9) Actuarial assumptions The principal actuarial assumptions

	2021	2020	2019
Discount rate	Mainly 0.72%	Mainly 0.72%	Mainly 0.72%
Long-term expected rate of return	Mainly 2.50%	Mainly 2.50%	Mainly 2.50%

Defined contribution plans

					Mill	ions of yen	housands of llars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019	2021
The amount of contributions to the defined contribution plan	¥	487	¥	490	¥	446	\$ 4,401

16. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

At March 31, 2021 and 2020, contingent liabilities were as follows:

		Millions of yen			housands of llars (Note 1)
		2021		2020	2021
Notes endorsed	¥	7	¥	4	\$ 65
Notes discounted		_		53	_
Guarantees		162		315	1,472
Letters of awareness		151		132	1,371
	¥	322	¥	505	\$ 2,909

17. NET ASSETS

Under the Japanese Corporate Law ("the Law"), the entire amount paid for new shares is required to be designated as common stock. However, a company may, by a resolution of the Board of Directors, designate an amount not exceeding one half of the price of the new shares as additional paid-in capital, which is included in capital surplus.

Under the Law, in cases in which a dividend distribution of surplus is made, the smaller of an amount equal to 10% of the dividend or the excess, if any, of 25% of common stock over the total of legal earnings reserve and additional paid-in capital must be set aside as legal earnings reserve or additional paid-in capital. Legal earnings reserve is included in retained earnings in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Legal earnings reserve and additional paid-in capital may not be distributed as dividends. By resolution of the shareholders' meeting, legal earnings reserve and additional paid-in capital may be transferred to other retained earnings and capital surplus, respectively, which are potentially available for dividends.

On May 13, 2021, the Board of Directors authorized cash dividends to shareholders of record at March 31, 2021 on the shares of stock then outstanding at the rate of ± 50.0 (± 0.45) per share or a total of $\pm 3,261$ million ($\pm 29,463$ thousand).

The appropriations had not been accrued in the consolidated financial statements as of March 31, 2021.

Such appropriations are recognized in the period in which they are approved by the Board of Directors.

Cash dividends per share applicable to the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021, comprise interim dividends of ± 50.0 (± 0.45) and year-end dividends of ± 50.0 (± 0.45).

18. STOCK OPTIONS

(1) The Company

The Company has implemented a stock option plan by which subscription rights to shares were granted to directors of the Company. The Company conducted a consolidation of shares of common stock at the ratio of five shares to one share on October 1, 2018. The figures after conducting the consolidation of shares are shown as following in the table below.

The following table summarizes the Company's stock option plan.

	Stock options granted on August 13, 2020	Stock options granted on August 9, 2019	Stock options granted on August 9, 2018	Stock options granted on August 9, 2017	Stock options granted on August 9, 2016	Stock options granted on August 11, 2015	Stock options granted on August 11, 2014
Category and number of people granted stock options	Company directors, 8 Executive officers, 25	Company directors, 10 Executive officers, 22		Company directors, 9 Executive officers, 16	Company directors, 10	Company directors, 10	Company directors, 10
Number of stock options granted by category of stock	29,000 shares of common stock		24,400 shares of common stock	22,600 shares of common stock		14,800 shares of common stock	15,000 shares of common stock
Vesting conditions	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision
Exercise period	From August 14, 2020 through August 13, 2045 (*)		From August 10, 2018 through August 9, 2043 (*)	From August 10, 2017 through August 9, 2042 (*)			From August 12, 2014 through August 11, 2039 (*)

	Stock options granted on August 9, 2013	Stock options granted on August 9, 2012	Stock options granted on August 10, 2011	Stock options granted on August 10, 2010	Stock options granted on August 11, 2009	Stock options granted on August 11, 2008	Stock options granted on September 10, 2007
Category and number of people granted stock options	Company directors, 10	Company directors, 12	Company directors, 12	Company directors, 13	Company directors, 12	Company directors, 13	Company directors, 13
Number of stock options granted by category of stock	13,000 shares of common stock	15,000 shares of common stock		15,000 shares of common stock	15,000 shares of common stock	15,000 shares of common stock	11,400 shares of common stock
Vesting conditions	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision	No provision
Exercise period		From August 10, 2012 through August 9, 2037 (*)	through August 10,	From August 11, 2010 through August 10, 2035 (*)	From August 12, 2009 through August 11, 2034 (*)	through August 11,	From September 11, 2007 through September 10, 2032 (*)

(*) If a holder of subscription rights to shares loses his/her position as a Company director during the above stated exercise period, the holder may exercise those rights only within the 10-day period beginning the day after losing such position.

The following table summarizes the movements and prices of subscription rights to shares.

	Stock options granted on August 13, 2020	Stock options granted on August 9, 2019	Stock options granted on August 9, 2018	Stock options granted on August 9, 2017	Stock options granted on August 9, 2016	Stock options granted on August 11, 2015	Stock options granted on August 11, 2014
Unvested stock options							
Beginning of term	_	—	—	—	_	_	—
Granted	29,000	—	—	—	—	—	—
Expired or forfeited	_	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vested	29,000	—	—	—	—	_	—
Unvested balance	_	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vested stock options							
Beginning of term	_	26,200	23,200	21,400	10,600	9,200	8,400
Vested	29,000	—	—	—	_	—	—
Exercised	_	2,400	2,400	2,400	1,000	1,000	1,000
Expired or forfeited	_	—	—	—	_	—	—
Unexercised balance	29,000	23,800	20,800	19,000	9,600	8,200	7,400
Exercise price (yen)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (yen)	_	2,732	2,732	2,732	2,732	2,732	2,732
Fair value per stock at the date granted (yen)	2,138	2,957	4,900	3,880	3,605	4,735	2,510
Exercise price (USD)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (USD)	_	24.68	24.68	24.68	24.68	24.68	24.68
Fair value per stock at the date granted (USD)	19.31	26.71	44.26	35.05	32.56	42.77	22.67

	Stock options granted on August 9, 2013	Stock options granted on August 9, 2012	Stock options granted on August 10, 2011	Stock options granted on August 10, 2010	Stock options granted on August 11, 2009	Stock options granted on August 11, 2008	Stock options granted on September 10, 2007
Unvested stock options							
Beginning of term	-	—	—	_	_	_	_
Granted	_	—	—	—	—	_	—
Expired or forfeited	_	—	—	—	—	—	_
Vested	_	—	—	—	—	—	—
Unvested balance	-	—	—	—	—	—	—
Vested stock options							
Beginning of term	5,200	4,200	3,600	2,600	2,200	2,400	600
Vested	-	—	—	—	_	—	—
Exercised	1,000	600	600	—	—	—	_
Expired or forfeited	_	—	—	—	—	—	_
Unexercised balance	4,200	3,600	3,000	2,600	2,200	2,400	600
Exercise price (yen)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (yen)	2,732	2,732	2,732	—	—	_	_
Fair value per stock at the date granted (yen)	2,790	1,815	2,060	2,280	3,110	3,000	4,415
Exercise price (USD)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (USD)	24.68	24.68	24.68	_	_	_	_
Fair value per stock at the date granted (USD)	25.20	16.39	18.61	20.59	28.09	27.10	39.88

Expenses related to stock options were included in selling, general and administrative expenses and amounted to ¥62 million (\$560 thousand), ¥77 million and ¥119 million for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The fair value of options granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions.

	Stock options granted on August 13, 2020	Stock options granted on August 9, 2019
Expected volatility	30.85%	27.16%
Expected holding period	7 years	3 years
Expected dividend	100 yen	100 yen
Risk free interest rate	(0.075%)	(0.261%)

(2) Cemedine Co., Ltd.

Cemedine Co., Ltd. has implemented a stock option plan by which subscription rights to shares were granted to directors of the company.

The following table summarizes the company's stock option plan.

	Stock options granted on July 7, 2020	Stock options granted on July 8, 2019	Stock options granted on July 9, 2018	Stock options granted on July 10, 2017	Stock options granted on July 7, 2016	Stock options granted on July 9, 2015	Stock options granted on July 10, 2014
Category and number of people granted stock options	Company directors, 5	Company directors, 5	Company directors, 4	Company directors, 4	Company directors, 5	Company directors, 4	Company directors, 6
Number of stock options granted by category of stock	25,000 shares of common stock	21,000 shares of common stock	13,000 shares of common stock	15,000 shares of common stock	32,000 shares of common stock	26,000 shares of common stock	38,000 shares of common stock
Vesting conditions	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	position as Company	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	position as Company	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	l' ' '	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.
Exercise period	From July 8, 2020 through July 7, 2040 (*)	through	From July 9, 2018 through July 8, 2038 (*)	From July 11, 2017 through July 10, 2037 (*)	From July 8, 2016 through July 7, 2036 (*)	From July 10, 2015 through July 9, 2035 (*)	From July 11, 2014 through July 10, 2034 (*)

	Stock options granted on July 9, 2013	Stock options granted on July 12, 2012	Stock options granted on July 14, 2011	Stock options granted on July 26, 2010	Stock options granted on August 11, 2009	Stock options granted on October 20, 2008
Category and number of people granted stock options	Company directors, 7	Company directors, 8	Company directors, 8	Company directors, 8	Company directors, 7	Company directors, 7
Number of stock options granted by category of stock	53,000 shares of common stock				58,000 shares of common stock	58,000 shares of common stock
Vesting conditions	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	stock option lose their position as Company	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.	After people granted stock option lose their position as Company director.
Exercise period	From July 10, 2013 through July 9, 2033 (*)	From July 13, 2012 through July 12, 2032 (*)	through	From July 27, 2010 through July 26, 2030 (*)	From August 12, 2009 through August 11, 2029 (*)	From October 21, 2008 through October 20, 2028 (*)

(*) If a holder of subscription rights to shares loses his/her position as a Company director during the above stated exercise period, the holder may exercise those rights only within the 10-day period beginning the day after losing such position.

The following table summarizes the movements and prices of subscription rights to shares.

	Stock options granted on July 7, 2020	Stock options granted on July 8, 2019	Stock options granted on July 9, 2018	Stock options granted on July 10, 2017	Stock options granted on July 7, 2016	Stock options granted on July 9, 2015	Stock options granted on July 10, 2014
Unvested stock options							
Beginning of term	—	21,000	9,000	11,000	13,000	9,000	6,000
Granted	25,000	—	—	_	—	—	—
Expired or forfeited	—	—	—	—	—	—	_
Vested	—	—	—	—	_	_	—
Unvested balance	25,000	21,000	9,000	11,000	13,000	9,000	6,000
Vested stock options							
Beginning of term	—	—	—	—	_	_	—
Vested	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exercised	—	—	_	_	_	_	_
Expired or forfeited	—	—	—	—	_	_	—
Unexercised balance	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Exercise price (yen)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (yen)	—	—	—	—	_	—	_
Fair value per stock at the date granted (yen)	694	855	938	664	441	415	388
Exercise price (USD)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (USD)				_	_	_	
Fair value per stock at the date granted (USD)	6.27	7.72	8.47	6.00	3.98	3.75	3.50

	Stock options granted on July 9, 2013	Stock options granted on July 12, 2012	Stock options granted on July 14, 2011	Stock options granted on July 26, 2010	Stock options granted on August 11, 2009	Stock options granted on October 20, 2008
Unvested stock options						
Beginning of term	7,000	7,000	7,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
Granted	_		—	—	—	—
Expired or forfeited	_	—	_	—	—	—
Vested	-	—	—	_	_	_
Unvested balance	7,000	7,000	7,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
Vested stock options						
Beginning of term	-	—	—	—	—	—
Vested	-	—	—	—	—	—
Exercised	_	_	_	_	_	_
Expired or forfeited	-	_	—	—	—	_
Unexercised balance	-	—	—	—	—	—
Exercise price (yen)	1	1	1	1	1	1
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (yen)	-	_	_	_	_	_
Fair value per stock at the date granted (yen)	388	352	342	293	273	163
Exercise price (USD)	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Weighted average market value per stock at the dates exercised (USD)	-	—	_	_	_	_
Fair value per stock at the date granted (USD)	3.50	3.18	3.09	2.65	2.47	1.47

Expenses related to stock options were included in selling, general and administrative expenses and amounted to ¥16 million (\$146 thousand), ¥15 million and ¥11 million for the years ended March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The fair value of options granted was estimated using the Black-Scholes model with the following assumptions.

	Stock options granted on July 7, 2020	Stock options granted on July 8, 2019
Expected volatility	41.59%	37.80%
Expected holding period	5 years and 5 months	6 years and 2 months
Expected dividend	10 yen	10 yen
Risk free interest rate	(0.090%)	(0.270%)

19. BUSINESS COMBINATION DUE TO ACQUISITION

(Additional acquisition of subsidiary's shares) 1. Summary of business combination

(1) Name of acquired company and its business
 Name of acquired company
 AB-Biotics, S.A.
 Business
 Development, manufacturing and sales of Probiotics

(2) Date of business combination

August 16, 2019 and November 7, 2019

(3) Legal form of business combination

Acquisition of shares from non-controlling interests

(4) Name of company after combination

There was no change in the company name.

(5) Other matters regarding summary

In the previous consolidated fiscal year, the company became a consolidated subsidiary according to the control standards, and also made a tender offer in July–August 2019 and October–November 2019.

Through the business combination, the Company expects to strengthen its management structure and expedite decision making.

20. SEGMENT INFORMATION

(Segment Information)

1. Overview of Reporting Segments

Kaneka's reporting segments aim to gather financial information from the Company's separate business units to facilitate decisions by the Board of Directors on the allocation of management resources and allow for the Board's regular review of business performance.

The Company has established the "Solutions Vehicle" as organizations for executing its growth strategies from a solutions perspective. There are ten Solutions Vehicles grouped into four solution domains called "Solutions Unit." Each Solutions Unit has established a global Group strategy for its products and services, bringing together subsidiaries in Japan and overseas to develop its business activities.

The Company, therefore has four reporting segments categorized by Solution Unit: the "Material Solutions Unit," "Quality of Life Solutions Unit," "Health Care Solutions Unit" and "Nutrition Solutions Unit."

The Material Solutions Unit contributes to environmental protection and comfortable living by providing solutions in the form of high-performance materials to support the development of social infrastructure and mobility (i.e. weight reduction and improved fuel

2. Summary of accounting treatment applied

Pursuant to the "Revised Accounting Standard for Business Combinations" (ASBJ Statement No. 21, issued on September 13, 2013) and the "Revised Guidance on Accounting Standard for Business Combinations and Accounting Standard for Business Divestitures" (ASBJ Guidance No. 10, issued on September 13, 2013), the business combination under common control was treated as a transaction with non-controlling interests.

3. Additional acquisition of shares in subsidiary

Acquisition cost and consideration paid Consideration paid for acquisition: Cash and cash equivalents in the amount of ¥3,723 million

4. Changes in the portion held by the Company in connection with the transactions with non-controlling interests

(1) Main reasons for changes in capital surplus Additional acquisition of subsidiary's shares

 (2) Decreases in capital surplus due to transactions with non-controlling interests
 ¥2.282 million

economy), and cutting-edge materials such as biopolymers that assist directly with the realization of environmental societies. The Quality of Life Solutions Unit contributes to energy conservation and the creation of high quality lifestyles by providing solutions in the form of high performance materials and unique services that respond to the need for energy conservation and adoption of smart technologies in housing and daily infrastructure. The unit is also responding to innovation in information driven societies, such as the advance of the IoT and AI. The Health Care Solutions Unit contributes to a society with greater longevity and more sophisticated medical care by providing valuable solutions that combine devices and pharmaceuticals in fields such as medicine, health and nursing care.

The unit is also developing a unique healthcare business based on advanced medical technologies such as biopharmaceuticals and regenerative and cellular medicine. The Nutrition Solutions Unit contributes to health and high-quality food by providing a wide range of solutions in the form of distinctive materials and supplements that meet needs in food diversification and health promotion. The unit also provides solutions that contribute to food production support in the fields of agriculture, livestock and fishery. The Solutions Vehicles and main products that belong to each reporting segment are as follows:

Solutions Unit (Reporting Segments)	Solutions Vehicle	Main products
	Vinyls and Chlor-Alkali	General PVC resins, Caustic soda, Specialty PVC resins
Material Solutions Unit	Performance Polymers (MOD)	Modifiers, Epoxy masterbatch, Biodegradable polymers
	Performance Polymers (MS)	Modified silicone polymers
Quality of Life	Foam & Residential Techs	Expandable polystyrene resins and products, Extruded polystyrene foam boards, Bead-method polyolefin foam, Solar circuit construction method (external insulation and double ventilation construction) products
Solutions Unit	E & I Technology	Polyimide films, Optical materials, Graphite sheets
	PV & Energy management	Photovoltaic modules, Energy storage batteries for residences
	Performance Fibers	Acrylic synthetic fibers
Health Care	Medical	Medical devices
Solutions Unit	Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition (Pharma)	Low-molecular pharmaceutical materials, API, Biopharmaceuticals
Nutrition	Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition (Supplemental Nutrition)	Functional foodstuffs
Solutions Unit	Foods & Agris	Margarine, Shortening, Bakery yeast, Spices, Antifreeze materials, Dairy products, Functional fertilizers and feeds

2. Basis of Calculation of Monetary Amounts for Net Sales, Profit or Loss, Assets, Liabilities, and Other Items by Reporting Segment

Accounting treatment and procedures for reporting segments are the same as those shown in the "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements." Intersegment transactions are based on prevailing market prices.

3. Segment Information by Business Category

																	Mi	llions of yen
									Report	ing Segment								
2021	S	Material olutions Unit		Quality of Life Health Care Solutions Unit Solutions Unit		Health Care olutions Unit	Nutrition Solutions Unit			Total		Others (Note 1)		Total	A	djustments	(Consolidated (Note 2)
Sales																		
Customers	¥	230,509	¥	140,976	¥	52,422	¥	152,368	¥	576,276	¥	1,149	¥	577,426	¥	_	¥	577,426
Intersegment		747		28		—		30		807		1,096		1,903		(1,903)		_
Total		231,257		141,005		52,422		152,398		577,083		2,246		579,330		(1,903)		577,426
Segment profit (loss)		23,272		10,650		11,436		4,879		50,238		598		50,836		(23,291)		27,544
Segment assets		237,673		178,725		72,093		110,120		598,614		806		599,420		68,008		667,429
Other Items																		
Depreciation		12,168		11,950		3,238		4,720		32,078		19		32,097		3,926		36,024
Amortization of goodwill		33		_		313		111		458		_		458		86		544
Investment in equity method affiliates		59		2,359		_		_		2,418		_		2,418		_		2,418
Increase in assets		9,321		12,328		4,406		5,862		31,918		136		32,055		7,089		39,144

(Notes 1): "Others" is a business segment that is not included in the reporting segments and includes property and life insurance agency business.

(Notes 2): Segment profit (loss) is reconciled with operating income in the consolidated financial statements.

																	М	illions of yen
									Report	ing Segment								
2020	s	Material olutions Unit		uality of Life olutions Unit	S	Health Care olutions Unit	S	Nutrition olutions Unit		Total		Others (Note 1)		Total	4	Adjustments	(Consolidated (Note 2)
Sales										10101		(1000 1)		10101				(11010 2)
Customers	¥	241,795	¥	154,837	¥	46,352	¥	157,431	¥	600,416	¥	1,097	¥	601,514	¥	_	¥	601,514
Intersegment		1,015		24		_		33		1,073		1,088		2,162		(2,162)		_
Total		242,811		154,861		46,352		157,465		601,490		2,186		603,676		(2,162)		601,514
Segment profit (loss)		20,625		14,189		8,917		5,647		49,379		547		49,927		(23,912)		26,014
Segment assets		233,548		181,176		64,979		110,440		590,145		365		590,510		62,751		653,262
Other Items																		
Depreciation		11,559		11,395		2,692		4,547		30,195		19		30,215		3,904		34,120
Amortization of goodwill		32		—		315		108		456		—		456		88		544
Investment in equity method affiliates		67		2,249		_		_		2,316		_		2,316		_		2,316
Increase in assets		13,099		13,518		4,313		6,052		36,983		162		37,146		10,663		47,809

(Notes 1): "Others" is a business segment that is not included in the reporting segments and includes property and life insurance agency business. (Notes 2): Segment profit (loss) is reconciled with operating income in the consolidated financial statements.

																	Μ	illions of yen
									Report	ing Segment								
2019	S	Material olutions Unit		Quality of Life Solutions Unit		Health Care olutions Unit	S	Nutrition olutions Unit		Total		Others (Note 1)		Total	Ac	ljustments	1	Consolidated (Note 2)
Sales																		
Customers	¥	255,918	¥	156,674	¥	47,442	¥	158,968	¥	619,002	¥	2,040	¥	621,043	¥	_	¥	621,043
Intersegment		1,203		18		_		28		1,250		1,089		2,340		(2,340)		
Total		257,122		156,692		47,442		158,996		620,253		3,130		623,383		(2,340)		621,043
Segment profit (loss)		25,961		15,092		10,583		5,930		57,569		1,464		59,034		(22,992)		36,041
Segment assets		237,437		173,350		59,956		113,500		584,245		795		585,040		74,547		659,587
Other Items																		
Depreciation		10,747		10,979		2,462		3,913		28,103		19		28,122		3,755		31,877
Amortization of goodwill		34		_		332		_		367		_		367		86		454
Investment in equity method affiliates		67		2,124		_		_		2,191		_		2,191		_		2,191
Increase in assets		13,470		20,500		3,927		9,251		47,149		387		47,537		6,056		53,594

(Notes 1): "Others" is a business segment that is not included in the reporting segments and includes property and life insurance agency business. (Notes 2): Segment profit (loss) is reconciled with operating income in the consolidated financial statements.

								Thousands of L	J.S. dollars (Note 1)
					Reporting Segment				
2021	Material Solutions Unit	Quality of Life Solutions Unit	Health Care Solutions Unit	Nutrition Solutions Unit	Total	Others (Note 1)	Total	Adjustments	Consolidated (Note 2)
Sales									
Customers	\$ 2,082,103	\$ 1,273,385	\$ 473,512	\$ 1,376,281	\$ 5,205,282	\$ 10,386	\$ 5,215,669	s —	\$ 5,215,669
Intersegment	6,752	260	_	277	7,289	9,902	17,192	(17,192)	_
Total	2,088,855	1,273,646	473,512	1,376,558	5,212,572	20,289	5,232,861	(17,192)	5,215,669
Segment profit (loss)	210,213	96,199	103,300	44,070	453,783	5,401	459,185	(210,382)	248,802
Segment assets	2,146,813	1,614,360	651,194	994,679	5,407,047	7,283	5,414,330	614,296	6,028,626
Other Items									
Depreciation	109,916	107,940	29,254	42,640	289,751	174	289,925	35,467	325,393
Amortization of goodwill	303	_	2,833	1,003	4,139	_	4,139	779	4,919
Investment in equity method affiliates	537	21,308	_	_	21,845	_	21,845	_	21,845
Increase in assets	84,194	111,361	39,799	52,955	288,311	1,230	289,542	64,032	353,575

(Notes 1): "Others" is a business segment that is not included in the reporting segments and includes property and life insurance agency business. (Notes 2): Segment profit (loss) is reconciled with operating income in the consolidated financial statements.

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4. Reconciliation Between Segment Total and Consolidated Statements of Income (Adjustments)

					М	illions of yen	U.S. c	Thousands of Iollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Income								
Segment total	¥	50,238	¥	49,379	¥	57,569	\$	453,783
Income classified under "others"		598		547		1,464		5,401
Elimination of intersegment transactions		7		(0)		11		63
Companywide expenses (Note)		(23,451)		(23,933)		(23,091)		(211,831)
Other adjustments		153		21		87		1,385
Operating income in the consolidated statements of income	¥	27,544	¥	26,014	¥	36,041	\$	248,802

Note: Companywide expenses are primarily expenses for basic R&D that are not allocable to any reporting segments.

					N	1illions of yen	U.S.	Thousands of dollars (Note 1)
		2021		2020		2019		2021
Assets								
Segment total	¥	598,614	¥	590,145	¥	584,245	\$	5,407,047
Assets classified under "others"		806		365		795		7,283
Elimination of intersegment transactions		(14,402)		(16,179)		(14,184)		(130,090)
Companywide assets (Note)		82,002		77,373		88,168		740,696
Other adjustments		408		1,556		563		3,689
Total assets in the consolidated statements of income	¥	667,429	¥	653,262	¥	659,587	\$	6,028,626

Note: Companywide assets are working capital, investment securities and land that are not allocable to any reporting segments.

																N	lillions of yen
		S	egment total				Other	s					Adju	ustments			Consolidated
	2021	2020	2019	202	1	2020	2019	9		2021		2020		2019	2021	2020	2019
Other Items																	
Depreciation	¥ 32,078	¥ 30,195	¥ 28,103	¥ 1	9 ¥	19	¥ 19	Э	¥	3,926	¥	3,904	¥	3,755	¥ 36,024	¥ 34,120	¥ 31,877
Increase in assets	31,918	36,983	47,149	13	6	162	387	7		7,089	1	0,663		6,056	39,144	47,809	53,594

Note: "Others" is primarily expenses for basic R&D that are not allocable to any reporting segments.

					Tł	nousands of U	.S. do	llars (Note 1)
		Se	gment total	Others	A	Adjustments		Consolidated
			2021	2021		2021		2021
Other Items								
Depreciation	:	\$	289,751	\$ 174	\$	35,467	\$	325,393
Increase in assets			288,311	1,230		64,032		353,575

Note: "Others" is primarily expenses for basic R&D that are not allocable to any reporting segments.

(Related Information)

Related information at March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 consisted of the following.

1. Information by Product and Service

No information is reported because product and service classifications are the same as the reporting segment classifications.

2. Geographic Area

(1) Sales

2021												Millions of yen
		Japan		Asia		North America		Europe		Other areas		Tota
	¥	346,261	¥	113,084	¥	42,384	¥	52,880	¥	22,816	¥	577,426
2020												Millions of yer
		Japan		Asia		North America		Europe		Other areas		Tota
	¥	364,960	¥	109,344	¥	47,306	¥	53,426	¥	26,475	¥	601,514
2019												Millions of yer
		Japan		Asia		North America		Europe		Other areas		Tota
	¥	371,315	¥	115,661	¥	48,841	¥	59,264	¥	25,961	¥	621,043
2021										Thousands	of U.S.	dollars (Note 1)
								-		<u>.</u>		Tota
		Japan		Asia		North America		Europe		Other areas		Total
Note: Sales are classified	\$ d into countries	3,127,642	\$ on the g	1,021,443	\$ of cust	382,842	\$	477,647	\$	206,093	\$	5,215,669
Note: Sales are classified (2) Property, plant 2021	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of		1,021,443		382,842	\$		\$		\$	
(2) Property, plant	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of		1,021,443		382,842					\$	5,215,669
(2) Property, plant	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of		1,021,443		382,842		477,647		206,093	\$ ¥	5,215,669 Millions of yen
(2) Property, plant 2021	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of	on the g	1,021,443 leographic location Japan	of cust	382,842 omers. Asia		477,647 North America	Euro	206,093		5,215,669 Millions of yen Total 269,164
(2) Property, plant 2021	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of	on the g	1,021,443 leographic location Japan	of cust	382,842 omers. Asia	¥	477,647 North America	Euro ¥	206,093		5,215,669 Millions of yen Total
(2) Property, plant	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of	on the g	1,021,443 reographic location Japan 192,770	of cust	382,842 omers. <u>Asia</u> 36,800	¥	477,647 North America 16,302	Euro ¥	206,093		5,215,669 Millions of yen Total 269,164 Millions of yen
(2) Property, plant 2021	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of	pon the g	1,021,443 reographic location Japan 192,770 Japan	e f cust	382,842 omers. <u>Asia</u> 36,800 <u>Asia</u>	¥	477,647 North America 16,302 North America	Euro ¥	206,093 ppe and others 23,290 ppe and others 21,698	¥	5,215,669 Millions of yen Total 269,164 Millions of yen Total
(2) Property, plant 2021 2020	d into countries	3,127,642 s or regions based of	pon the g	1,021,443 reographic location Japan 192,770 Japan	e f cust	382,842 omers. <u>Asia</u> 36,800 <u>Asia</u>	¥	477,647 North America 16,302 North America	Euro ¥ Euro ¥	206,093 ppe and others 23,290 ppe and others 21,698	¥	5,215,669 Millions of yen Total 269,164 Millions of yen Total 263,056

3. Information on Major Customers

No information is reported because no sales to any external customer represented more than 10% of net sales on the consolidated statements of income.

(Information on Impairment Loss on Fixed Assets by Reporting Segment)

Information on impairment loss on fixed assets by reporting segment at March 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 consisted of the following.

															Millior	ns of yen
								Segr	ment Info	ormation						
2021		Aaterial ns Unit		y of Life ons Unit		th Care ns Unit	N Solutio	utrition ns Unit		Total		Others	Adjusti	ments	Cons	olidated
(Impairment loss)	¥	_	¥	897	¥	_	¥	_	¥	897	¥	_	¥	_	¥	897

The figures in FY2020 are omitted because it is not significant in terms of monetary amount.

								Millions of yen
				Segn	nent Information			
2019	Material Solutions Unit	Quality of Life Solutions Unit	Health Care Solutions Unit	Nutrition Solutions Unit	Total	Others	Adjustments	Consolidated
(Impairment loss)	¥ —	¥ 272	¥ —	¥ —	¥ 272	¥ —	¥ —	¥ 272
							Thousands of U.	S. dollars (Note 1)
				Segn	nent Information			
2021	Material Solutions Unit	Quality of Life Solutions Unit	Health Care Solutions Unit	Nutrition Solutions Unit	Total	Others	Adjustments	Consolidated
(Impairment loss)	\$ —	\$ 8,106	\$ —	s —	\$ 8,106	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 8,106

(Information on Amortization of Goodwill and Unamortized Balances by Reporting Segment)

Information on amortization of goodwill and unamortized balances by reporting segment at March 31, 2021 and 2020 consisted of the following.

															Millic	ons of yen
								Segn	nent Inf	ormation						
2021		Material ons Unit	Quality Solutio	of Life ns Unit	Health Solution			Nutrition ons Unit		Total		Others	Adjus	stments	Cons	solidated
(Goodwill)																
Amortization	¥	33	¥	_	¥	313	¥	111	¥	458	¥	_	¥	86	¥	544
Balance		11		—	1	,417		931		2,360		—		587		2,948
															Millic	ons of yen
								Segn	nent Inf	ormation						
2020		Material ons Unit	Quality Solutio		Health Solution			Nutrition ons Unit		Total		Others	Adjus	stments	Cons	solidated
(Goodwill)																
Amortization	¥	32	¥	_	¥	315	¥	108	¥	456	¥	_	¥	88	¥	544
Balance		43		—	1	,631		965		2,640		—		665		3,306
													Thous	ands of U.	S. dollar	s (Note 1)
								Segn	nent Inf	ormation						
2021		Material ons Unit	Quality Solutio	of Life ns Unit	Health Solution			Nutrition ons Unit		Total		Others	Adjus	stments	Con	solidated
(Goodwill)																
Amortization	\$	303	\$	_	\$2	,833	\$	1,003	\$	4,139	\$	_	\$	779	\$	4,919
Balance		106		—	12	,801		8,415	:	21,323		—		5,304	:	26,628

Note: "Adjustments" includes amortization expense mainly related to basic research and development activities that is not attributed to any specific reporting segment.

(Information on Gain on Negative Goodwill by Reporting Segment)

The figures in FY2020 are omitted because it is not significant in terms of monetary amount.



Independent auditor's report

To the Board of Directors of Kaneka Corporation:

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Kaneka Corporation ("the Company") and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as at March 31, 2021 and 2020, the consolidated statements of income and statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in net assets and statements of cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2021, and notes, comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at March 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the each of the three years in the period ended March 31, 2021 in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Japan, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Appropriateness of the valuation of slow-moving inventories in the Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition
Solution Vehicle businessThe key audit matterHow the matter was addressed in our auditIncluded in inventories of ¥109,685 million
reported on the consolidated balance sheet of the
Group, as described in Note 2, "Significant
accounting estimates, Measurement of
Inventories" , were inventories in the total amountThe primary procedures we performed to assess
moving inventories in the Pharma & Supplemental

of ¥9,938 million, consisting of merchandise and finished goods, work-in-process, and raw materials and supplies related to the Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition Solution Vehicle business within the Health Care Solutions Unit, which represented approximately 1.5% of total assets in the consolidated balance sheets. Such inventories included those that were slow-moving for more than a certain period of time.

Inventories are measured at the lower of either the acquisition cost or the net selling price at the end of the fiscal year. However, for slow-moving inventories that are outside of the normal operating cycle, whose turnover period exceeds a certain threshold, the Company reduces the carrying amount to the estimated disposal value when it cannot determine that they are marketable after considering the salability.

As inventory production is based on future forecasted demand, the salability of products of the Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition Solution Vehicle business involved uncertainty. Therefore, management's judgment thereon had a significant effect on the identification and valuation of slowmoving inventories in the business.

We, therefore, determined that our assessment of the appropriateness of the valuation of slowmoving inventories in the Pharma & Supplemental Nutrition Solution Vehicle business was of the most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for this fiscal year, and accordingly, a key audit matter. Nutrition Solution Vehicle business included the following:

(1) Internal control testing

We tested the design and operating effectiveness of certain of the Company's internal controls relevant to the identification and valuation of slow-moving inventories.

In this assessment, we focused our testing on the design and operating effectiveness of the general and application controls of the relevant IT systems that ensure the accuracy and completeness of the list of slow-moving items used by management in identifying slow-moving inventories.

(2) Assessment of the appropriateness of the valuation of slow-moving inventories

In order to assess the reasonableness of key assumptions adopted by management in the identification and valuation of slow-moving inventories that are subject to write-down, we:

- inquired of the appropriate manager regarding the basis for forecasted demand and inspected relevant documents such as negotiation history with customers; and
- assessed the accuracy of forecasted demand by comparing past forecasted demand of slow-moving inventories with subsequent actual sales and evaluating the causes of any differences from actual results.

Responsibilities of Management and Corporate auditors and the board of corporate auditors for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Corporate auditors and the board of corporate auditors are responsible for overseeing the directors' performance of their duties with regard to the design, implementation and maintenance of the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, while the objective of the audit is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate whether the presentation and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements are in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in Japan, the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with corporate auditors and the board of corporate auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide corporate auditors and the board of corporate auditors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with corporate auditors and the board of corporate auditors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Convenience Translation

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2021 are presented solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

Interest required to be disclosed by the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan

We do not have any interest in the Group which is required to be disclosed pursuant to the provisions of the Certified Public Accountants Act of Japan.

Tomoyuki Ono Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

Masato Tateishi Designated Engagement Partner Certified Public Accountant

KPMG AZSA LLC Osaka Office, Japan August 11, 2021

Notes to the Reader of Independent Auditor's Report:

This is a copy of the Independent Auditor's Report and the original copies are kept separately by the Company and KPMG AZSA LLC.



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